



# Nursing Student Orientation Test Questions

1. While you are on your way to the cafeteria, a mother with two children asks you where she can find the Neuroscience Center. You have only been in the hospital for one day and do not know your way around. Your best response is:
  - a. "I don't know."
  - b. "That's a good question, let me find out for you."
  - c. "You should go to the lobby and ask the information desk."
  - d. "You need to ask someone else, I'm only a student."
2. Which statement is not true about HIPAA?
  - a. HIPAA violations may include both civil and criminal penalties for the individual as well as the hospital.
  - b. Privacy is a patient's right. Medical information must be shared only with those who need to know.
  - c. All protected health information may be faxed as long as a cover page informs the recipients about confidential information.
  - d. In a semi-private area, pull the curtain around the patient's bed and lower your voice before speaking about medical information.
3. What should you do if you see someone suspicious or witness an act of violence on hospital premises?
  - a. Call your manager
  - b. Call the Operator at ext: 0
  - c. Call Security at 4911
  - d. Call Code Blue at 555
4. In case of a Code Red, please select the actions that correspond to the acronym RACE:
  - a. Run Away and Clear the Exits
  - b. Run, Alarm, Clear, and Evacuate
  - c. Rescue, Alarm, Contain, and Evacuate
  - d. Rescue, Ask for help, Contain, and Extinguish
5. What should you do in case of a Code Blue?
  - a. Get the crash cart, open the airway, start ventilations with a barrier device, and call 555.
  - b. Call 555, begin chest compressions, start ventilations with a barrier device, open the airway, and yell for help.
  - c. Call 555. If a phone is not available, press the Code Blue Button or call for help. If you know CPR, open the airway, assess for breathing, and start ventilations.
  - d. Leave the victim and look for help. Ask a staff member call a code.



6. Which choice does not display cultural sensitivity and respect to your 13 year old Chinese patient.
- Smile and greet the parents and the child whenever you enter the room.
  - Offer the family any available support services since they are not familiar with the hospital.
  - Ask the patient to translate to her parents since this is the easiest way to communicate.
  - Ask the patient and family if there are any special needs they have that are unique to their Chinese customs of which you should be aware.
7. The majority of children's accidents are preventable. All of the following are good ways to prevent accidents in the hospital, except:
- Keep tools and medications out of view and away from children's reach.
  - Do not give children latex balloons to play with
  - Keep chemicals and needles in patient area only if parent is present
  - Do not use electrical appliances from home unless a member of MCH Plant Operations checks the appliance.
8. Circle the statement(s) that is/are true about your role and responsibility:
- Students will be held 100% responsible for their patient assignments.
  - The instructor or preceptor does not need to be present when performing a procedure if the student has become competent and proficient.
  - Students must sign-in and sign-out each clinical day.
  - Professional appearance is an expectation from students.
9. Circle the false phrase.
- Information Management is the process of obtaining, managing, and using information to improve patient outcomes and hospital-wide performance. To maintain the security of patient information:
- Do not release medical information without proper consent signed by the parent or legal guardian.
  - Do not share or ask to share computer passwords.
  - Explain procedures and answer questions for the patient or their family.
  - Discard patient medical information in the regular trash.
10. Circle the correct statement(s):
- Call Environmental Services in case of a chemical or body fluid spill on floor
  - Discard needles and scalps in a red biohazardous bag.
  - You may report to your work area if you have an eye or skin infection. All other symptoms such as fever, vomiting, or diarrhea need to be cleared by the Employee Health Office or your private physician before heading to work.
  - Hand washing is necessary between patients even when gloves are worn.

11. As a nursing student, when you document anything in the patient's computerized chart, what section of the chart are you required to sign with your complete name and title?

- a. Sign your name and title directly on the form that you have documented on.
- b. No need to sign your name, you can be identified by the security code.
- c. Sign your name and title along with a note, in the Nurse's Note Section of the chart.

12. The mother of 5 month old Jenna is a patient in the medical surgical unit. Her mother is planning to sleep in the room with Jenna overnight. Jenna's mother wants to know if Jenna can sleep in the chair bed with her tonight. According to MCH policy, which response is correct?

- a. Yes, as long as you are here with her, she can sleep in the chair bed.
- b. To assure Jenna's safety MCH asks that all babies sleep in their beds.

13. You are escorting Jonathan, an ambulatory 5 year old, and his mother from his room on the third floor to the Radiology Department on the first floor. His mother has volunteered to carry him down, since there is no wheelchair on the unit. What is the proper response?

- a. Great, I will walk with you.
- b. Okay, let's go. Since you are his mother it is fine for you to carry him downstairs to Radiology.
- c. No problem, I will find a wheelchair for Jonathan. We will be on our way shortly.

14. You are assigned to the patient in Bed A, room 240. When you walk into the room you find a 2 year old. When you go to check her ID band, you notice that the ID Band is tapped to the headboard. When you check the badge it has the name of the patient you have been assigned. Can you proceed with your assessments?

Yes.

No.

15. It is lunchtime and your classmate has just completed an assessment on her patient. She wrote down her findings, but did not record them in the computer. She is really hungry and wants to go to lunch and since you are finished with your assignment for the day, she asks if you can enter her assessment? What should you do?

- a. Refuse, because you have already completed your assignment and you are ready for lunch.
- b. Refuse, because it is against policy to document care that is not your own.
- c. Document your classmate's assessment, you know that she is very good at assessment and trust her judgment.



16. Circle T if the statement is true and F if it is false:

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|---|---|---|
| Bags of fluid must be changed every 48 hours? .....                                     | T | F |
| Site checks for patient's with infusing IV's should be performed at least hourly?.....  | T | F |
| Pain Measurement is a vital sign?.....  | T | F |
| The Visual Numeric Scale is appropriate for Pain Measurement on a 3 year old?.....      | T | F |
| Insulin is a Second Witness Medication.....   | T | F |
| FLACC is a pain scale the looks at Face, Legs, Arms, Consolability, and Cries.....      | T | F |
| Medications brought in from home can be left in the patient's room.....                 | T | F |
| Patient history information is recorded in the Bedside Computerized Charting System...T |   | F |